

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) NITROGEN

Please ensure that this MSDS is received by an appropriate person

DATE: March 2023 Version 4

Ref. No.: MS095

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Nitrogen Chemical Formula N₂

Trade Names

Nitrogen, Compressed

Nitrogen, Instrument Grade

Nitrogen, Pharmaceutical Grade

Nitrogen, ELCAP

Colour coding Compressed, Instrument, ultra high purity

& Pharmaceutical Grades have French Grey (H.30) bodies with black shoulders. Relevant decals/stencilling shall be on bodies of cylinders. ELCAP shall have a Protea Pink (A.58) body, with "ELCAP"

stencilled on body of the cylinder.

Valve ELCAP No. 2 type-Brass 5/8inch BSP

right hand female. All the other grades shall be fitted with 3 SN - Brass, 3/4 inch

BSP right hand female valves.

Company Identification Les Gaz Industriels Ltd

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2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name Nitrogen
Chemical Family Inert gas
CAS No. 7727-37-9
UN No. 1066
FRG No. 121

Hazchem Warning 2 C Non-flammable Gas

3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Main Hazards

All cylinders are portable gas containers, and must be regarded as pressure vessels at all times. Nitrogen does not support life. It can act as a simple asphyxiant by diluting the concentration of oxygen in air below the levels necessary to support life.

Adverse Health Effects

Inhalation of nitrogen in excessive concentrations can result in dizziness, nausea, vomiting, loss of consciousness and death.

Chemical Hazards

Nitrogen is relatively inert to most materials under ordinary conditions. It becomes more reactive at elevated temperatures, and combines with hydrogen, oxygen and some metals.

Biological Hazards No known effect.

Vapour Inhalation

As nitrogen acts as a simple asphyxiant death may result from errors in judgement, confusion, or loss of consciousness which prevents self-rescue. At low oxygen concentrations, unconsciousness and death may occur in seconds without warning.

Label Elements Hazard Pictograms



Precautionary Statements

H280: Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

P403: Store in a well-ventilated place

P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye/Skin Contact No known effect. **Ingestion** (See Section 3 above)

Inhalation

Prompt medical attention is mandatory in all cases of overexposure to Nitrogen. Rescue personnel should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus. Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be removed to an uncontaminated area, and given mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and supplemental oxygen.

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

As Nitrogen is an inert gas, it does not contribute to a fire, but could help with the extinguishing by reducing the oxygen content of the air by dilution to below the level to support combustion.

Specific Hazards

Nitrogen does not support life. It can act as a simple asphyxiant by diluting the concentration of oxygen in the air below the levels to support life.

Emergency Actions

If possible, shut off the source of excess Nitrogen. Evacuate area. All cylinders should be removed from the vicinity of the fire. Cylinders that cannot be removed should be cooled with water from a safe distance. Cylinders which have been exposed to excessive heat should be clearly identified and returned to supplier. CONTACT THE NEAREST AFROX BRANCH.

Protective Clothing

Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety gloves and shoes, or boots, should be worn when handling cylinders.

Environmental Precautions

Nitrogen is lighter than air and disperses rapidly in the atmosphere. Care should be taken when entering a potentially oxygen-deficient environment. If possible, ventilate the affected area.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Do not enter any area where nitrogen has been spilled unless tests have shown that it is safe to do so.

Environmental Precautions

Nitrogen does not pose a hazard to the environment.

Small Spills

Shut off the source of escaping nitrogen. Ventilate the area.

Large Spills

Evacuate the area. Shut off the source of the spill if this can be done without risk. Restrict access to the area until completion of the clean-up procedure. Ventilate the area using forced-draught if necessary.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Do not allow cylinders to slide or come into contact with sharp edges. Nitrogen cylinders may be stacked horizontally provided that they are firmly secured at each end to prevent rolling. Use a "first in - first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Keep out of reach of children.



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8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Hazards

As nitrogen is a simple asphyxiant, avoid any areas where spillage has taken place. Only enter once testing has proved the atmosphere to be safe.

Engineering Control Measures

Engineering control measures are preferred to reduce exposure to Oxygen-depleted atmospheres. General methods include forced-draught ventilation, separate from other exhaust ventilation systems. Ensure that sufficient fresh air enters at, or near floor level.

Personal Protection

Self-contained breathing apparatus should always be worn when entering area where oxygen depletion may have occurred. Safety goggles, gloves and shoes or boots should be worn when handling cylinders.

Skin No known effect.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL DATA

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid

The dilution of the oxygen concentration in the atmosphere to levels which cannot support life. Never use cylinders as rollers or supports, or for any other purpose than the storage of Nitrogen. Never expose cylinders to excessive heat, as this may cause sufficient build-up of pressure to rupture the cylinders.

Incompatible Materials

As Nitrogen is inert it may be contained in systems constructed of any of the common metals which have been designed to safely withstand the pressures involved.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Skin & eye contact

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

Reproductive Hazards

No known effect

(For further information see Section 3. Adverse Health effects)

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Nitrogen is lighter than air and can cause pockets of oxygen depleted atmosphere in low-lying areas. It does not pose a hazard to the ecology.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Small amounts may be blown to the atmosphere under controlled conditions. Large amounts should only be handled by the gas supplier.

Disposal of Packaging

The disposal of cylinders must only be handled by the gas supplier.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD TRANSPORTATION

UN No 1066 ERG No 121

Hazchem warning 2C Non-flammable Gas

SEA TRANSPORTATION

IMDG 1066

Class

Packaging group

label Non-flammable gas

AIR TRANSPORTATION

ICAO/IATA Code 1066 Class 2.2

Packaging group Packaging instructions

- Cargo 200
- Passenger 200
Maximum quantity allowed

- Cargo 150kg - Passenger 75kg

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

EEC Hazard class Non-flammable

Risk Phrase	Description	Safety Phrase	Description
R20	Harmful by inhalation	S2	Keep out of reach of Children
R44	Risk of explosion if heated under confinement	S9	Keep container in a well- ventilated place
		S15	Keep way from heat
		S37	Wear suitable gloves
		S38	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment
		S51	Use only in well-ventilated areas

National legislation None

Refer to SABS 0265 for explanation of the above.

16 OTHER INFORMATION

Bibliography

Compressed Gas Association, Arlington, Virginia Handbook of Compressed Gases – 3rd Edition Matheson. Matheson Gas Data Book – 6th Edition SABS 0265 - Labelling of Dangerous Substances

17 EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

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