

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) FOODFRESH (GRADE 22)

# Please ensure that this MSDS is received by an appropriate person

DATE: March 2023 Version 2

Ref. No.: MSF02

# PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name FOODFRESH PACKAGING GAS

Colour coding Ivory body with a sticker showing relevant

grades

Valve Brass ¾ inch BSP right hand female.

Company Identification Les Gaz Industriels Ltd

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## 2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name Carbon Dioxide
Chemical Family Carbon Anhydride
Synonyms Carbonic Acid Gas

CAS No. 124-38-9 UN No. 1013 ERG No. 120

Hazard Warning 2 C Non-flammable Gas

 Chemical Name
 Oxygen

 Chemical Family
 Oxidant

 CAS No
 7782-44-7

 UN No
 1072

 ERG No
 122

Hazchem Warning 5 A Non-flammable Gas

# 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Main Hazards

All cylinders are portable gas containers and must be regarded as pressure vessels at all times. Foodfresh 22 gas mixtures are non-flammable, but readily supports combustion. Never permit oil, grease or other readily combustible substance to come into contact with high concentrations of oxygen.

# **Adverse Health Effects**

The inhalation of carbon dioxide/oxygen gas mixtures may produce sweating, nausea and headache in a small number of patients.

# Chemical Hazards

Because of the high concentrations of oxygen in these gas mixtures, they will strongly support combustion.

# Biological Hazards

No overdose effects are seen with carbon dioxide/oxygen gas mixtures

## Vapour Inhalation

When a carbon dioxide/oxygen gas mixture is inhaled, the carbon dioxide absorption from the lungs into the blood is rapid and a new equilibrium is established in alveolar solution in the plasma, but mostly either as bicarbonate or carbamino compound. The relative quantities in solution and as bicarbonate regulate the reaction of the blood and buffer any change in pH produced by stronger organic acids. The blood concentration of carbon dioxide is set at a higher level and the excretion of the gas is adjusted to maintain the new equilibrium by increasing output.

Eye/Skin Contact No known effect.

**Ingestion** (See "Vapour Inhalation" above)

# Label Elements Hazard Pictograms





May cause or intensify fire, oxidizer. Contains gas under pressure;

may explode if heated.

P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.

P280: Wear protective gloves/eyeprotection/face protection.

## FIRST AID MEASURES

Prompt medical attention is mandatory in all cases of overexposure to these FoodFresh gas mixtures. Rescue personnel should be cognisant of extreme fire hazard associated with oxygen-rich atmospheres. Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. They should be kept warm and quiet. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. The physician should be informed that the patient has experienced hyperoxia.

Eye contact No known effect Skin contact No known effect Ingestion (See section 3 above)

## 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

# **Extinguishing Media**

As FoodFresh 22 are non-flammable, but strongly support combustion, the correct type of extinguishing media should be used depending on the combustible material involved.

# Specific Hazards

FoodFresh 22 vigorously accelerate combustion. Materials that would not normally burn in air could combust vigorously in atmosphere having high concentrations of oxygen.

## **Emergency Actions**

-If possible, shut off the source of excess FoodFresh 22. Evacuate area. All cylinders should be removed from the vicinity of the fire. Cylinders that cannot be removed should be cooled with water from a safe distance. Cylinders which have been exposed to excessive heat should be clearly identified and returned to supplier. CONTACT SUPPLIER.

# **Protective Clothing**

Safety goggles, gloves and shoes, or boots, should be worn when handling cylinders.

# **Environmental Precautions**

As the gas is heavier than air, pockets of oxygen-enriched air could occur. These could lead to the fire spreading rapidly. If possible ventilate the affected area.

# ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Personal Precautions

Although FoodFresh 22 are not combustible, they will support and accelerate combustion. Clothes and other materials, not normally considered flammable, will burn fiercely in the presence of oxygen, and can be set alight by a single spark, or even hot cigarette ash.

# **Environmental Precautions**

FoodFresh 22 do not pose a hazard to the environment. Beware of oxygen-enriched atmospheres coming into contact with readily combustible materials.

# **Small Spills**

Shut off the source of FoodFresh 22. Ventilate the area.

# Large Spills

Evacuate the area. Shut off the source of the spill if this can be done without risk. Restrict access to the area until completion of the clean-up procedure. Ventilate the area using forced draught if necessary.



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CO2

# 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Do not allow cylinders to slide or come into contact with sharp edges. Cylinders of FoodFresh should not be stored near cylinders of acetylene or other combustible gases. FoodFresh cylinders may be stacked horizontally provided that they are firmly secured at each end to prevent rolling. Prevent dirt, grit of any sort, oil or any other lubricant from entering the cylinder valves, and store cylinders well clear of any corrosive influence, e.g. battery acid. Compliance with all relevant legislation is essential. Use a "first in - first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Keep out of reach of children.

#### 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Occupational Exposure Hazards**

Avoid exposure to oxygen enriched atmospheres, as this could result in clothing becoming saturated by oxygen. On ignition the clothing could burn fiercely resulting in serious burns.

# **Engineering Control Measures**

Engineering control measures are preferred to reduce exposure to oxygen enriched atmospheres. General methods include forced draught ventilation, separate from other exhaust ventilation systems. Ensure that sufficient fresh air enters at, or near, floor level.

# 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### PHYSICAL DATA

## **Carbon Dioxide**

Chemical Symbol	CO2
Molecular Weight	44,01
Specific volume @ 20°C & 101,325 kPa	547 ml/g
Relative density of gas @ 101,325 kPa (Air = 1)	1,53
Colour	None
Taste	Acidic
Odour	None
Oxygen	
Chemical Symbol	O2
Molocular Woight	32.00

 Chemical Symbol
 O2

 Molecular Weight
 32,00

 Specific volume @ 20°C & 101,325 kPa
 755 ml/g

 Relative density of gas @ 101,325 kPa (Air = 1)
 1,053

 Colour
 None

 Taste
 None

 Odour
 None

# 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# Conditions to avoid

temperature, oxygen reacts with all of the elements, excepting the inert gases, to form oxides. These reactions can sometimes be violent, as with highly combustible materials such as oil and grease. Never use cylinders as rollers or supports, or for any other purpose than the storing of FoodFresh. Never expose cylinders to excessive heat, as this may cause sufficient build-up of pressure to rupture the

The build-up of oxygen-enriched atmospheres, as, depending on

## **Incompatible Materials**

Since dry FoodFresh 19 and 22 are non-corrosive, most materials of construction are suitable. Avoid flammable materials (for further information see Section 3. Chemical Hazards)

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

None

## 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity
Skin & eye contact
Chronic Toxicity
Carcinogenicity
Nutagenicity
Reproductive Hazards
TLV 5000 vpm (for CO2)
No known effect

(For further information see Section 3. Adverse Health effects)

#### 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

FoodFresh 19 and 22 are heavier than air, and care should be taken to avoid the formation of oxygen enriched pockets. It does not pose a hazard to the ecology.

# 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## **Disposal Methods**

Small amounts may be blown to the atmosphere under controlled conditions. Large amounts should only be handled by the gas supplier.

## Disposal of Packaging

The disposal of cylinders must only be handled by the gas supplier.

## 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## **ROAD TRANSPORTATION**

UN No 3150 ERG No 121

Hazchem warning 5A Non-flammable Gas

# SEA TRANSPORTATION

IMDG 3156 Class 2.2

Packaging group

label Non-flammable gas

# **AIR TRANSPORTATION**

ICAO/IATA Code 3156 Class 2.2

Packaging group
Packaging instructions

Cargo 200 Passenger 200

Maximum quantity allowed

- Cargo 150kg - Passenger 75kg

# 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

EEC Hazard class Non-flammable

Reference standard SANS 10234

Refer to SABS 0265 for explanation of the above.

# **16 OTHER INFORMATION**

# Bibliography

Compressed Gas Association, Arlington, Virginia Handbook of Compressed Gases  $-3^{\rm rd}$  Edition Matheson. Matheson Gas Data Book  $-6^{\rm th}$  Edition

## 17 EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

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